



BHS Quarterly

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ALFORD JUNCTION

Submitted by Ruth Lefler
continued from last issue



C.N.R. showing where Harrisburg line cut off at Alford Junction.

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Alford Junction postmark

Alford Junction received its own Post Office on February 1, 1906 and its first Postmaster was John Summerhays. It operated until September 1, 1913 when the office was closed.

The community had its own blacksmith shop operated by Harry Mordue near Howells School.

When Mr. Mordue retired from the shop, the equipment went to Westfield Pioneer Village. You might have seen Mr. Mordue operating this equipment on a beautiful day out at the Village.

The railroad played an important part in

developing this community. In the early 1800's the nearby village of Harrisburg was a stop on the Great Western Railway line. In 1852, another major railway line was built from Hamilton to London to Samia passing through Harrisburg, making it a very busy centre. In 1882, the Great Western and Grand Trunk railways amalgamated and much later the Grand Trunk was taken over by the CNR. In 1904, a cutoff line was built from the main line at Lynden to the branch at Alford Junction. From this time on, all main line passenger trains were routed through Alford Junction and Brantford. All aboard for Alford Junction!

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President's Reflection

Now that the Museum Staff is back up to full strength, things definitely appear to be running smoother than conditions have permitted for over a year, since Susan Twist left our employ and started the ball rolling. Elizabeth and Sonia deserve a lot of credit for persevering under less than desirable conditions. There is little doubt there is a considerable backlog of work to be completed, but God willing, I am convinced it will happen.

The work room has had a good cleaning and has been partially painted and the Edwardian Bedroom on the second floor has been newly drywalled and will be painted and decorated in the near future and put back into use as an exhibit area.

The Ontario Government has made a decision to clear out all Land Registry Offices in the province and unless a home is found for Land Registry Records from the mid 1800's

until the 1950's, they are destined for destruction. Some of the records considered as important have been microfilmed but the balance, the ones destined for the shredder, are of great concern to us, particularly from a historical point of view. The Society is desirous of taking custody of these records and of storing with the intent of further developing and expanding our existing Archives. A group of interested citizens has recently formed the Brant Regional Archives Committee with the intent of providing a home for the records. We believe that since the Society has been in existence since 1908 and have a proven track record and we have an established Archives, that we are the appropriate body to take custody of the records. We are currently endeavouring to obtain storage space to store the records should we be successful in our efforts. A decision will be made at some time in the future by the land registry staff as to the destination of the records.

During the month of May The Gallery in the Market Square had an Exhibition, *An Artist's View of Brant County* by the Brant Visual Artist Guild. In early June the new exhibit entitled *Wishing You Were Here - Summer Pursuits and Leisure Activities* will be on display.

Children's Programs will be run by Museum Staff during the following periods: July 13-17; July 20-24; Aug. 10-14; Aug. 17-21, for children ages 6-12. For more information contact the Museum at 752-2483.

Wishing everyone a safe and happy summer.

Robert Deboer

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CHIEFTAIN JOHN ALEXANDER MACDONALD VISITS BRANTFORD AND THE RESERVE, SEPTEMBER 6, 1886

Submitted by Angela Files

Arrival Of Sir John A. MacDonald

At ten thirty, on a bright Monday morning, September 6, 1886, a distinguished seventy-one year old gentleman, Sir John A. MacDonald and his entourage stepped off the Hamilton train on to the Brantford platform. People had choked the platform, streets and roads to catch a glimpse of the first Canadian Prime Minister, Sir John, who contributed to national unity in helping to form the country of Canada in 1867.

First Visit To Six Nations - 1886

Why did the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs visit our area? Two years before a deputation of Six Nations had visited Premier J. A. MacDonald in Ottawa and had invited him to visit Brantford and Six Nations. Immediate circumstances in his political life prevented him from making the trip then but he kept his promise by coming to the City of Brantford on September 6, 1886.

First Trip To Brantford, 1878

Eight years ago, Sir John A. MacDonald, accompanied by Lady MacDonald, had a brief trip to Brantford, and visited the Young Ladies College on Brant Avenue. During that visit they were presented with a beautiful escritoire (writing desk) made by the working men of Brantford.

Object And Events Of The 1886 Visit

The principal object of this visit by MacDonald was to explain his position as Supt. Gen. of Indian Affairs and the effects the

Franchise Act, passed in 1885, would have on the Native people.

On the platform of the train station were all the city and county dignitaries and members of the Liberal Conservative Party. Native people also greeted the elderly Father of Confederation.

At noon hour, three carriages of



Sir John A. Macdonald

dignitaries drove to the Kerby House for a sumptuous luncheon. Among the guests were Dr. Oronhyatka (formerly of Six Nations), London, Ont., and Dr. Peter Edmund Jones, son of Missionary Rev. Peter Jones of the

Mississaugas.

At one o'clock, the procession of carriages travelled the old Mohawk Church route, through an archway of evergreens between Brantford Township and the Reserve to the land of the Six Nations.

On the way to the Council Chambers people swarmed everywhere to view this man who had become a national institution. Mottoes on signs bore interesting phrases such as "Indians loyal to the Great Chief", "Loyal to the old Flag for which our fathers died", "A hundred years under the old flag", "Canada prospers under Sir John".

The procession was met by Indian bands. On a platform in the Council house, Chief Buck, Firekeeper, thanked the Great Spirit for the great day which mapped the path so all would go well.

Sir John, the orator, thanked the crowd for their kind reception. He had just returned from travelling in the Great West, saw the shores of the Pacific Ocean, and visited their red brethren.

Speech of Sir John

In his long speech, Chief John A. emphasized the fact that Indians should not be excluded from the vote because they were the original owners of the land. For voting privileges they would not be liable for the draft in the militia. Sir John remembered in the Rebellion of 1837, he carried his musket as a

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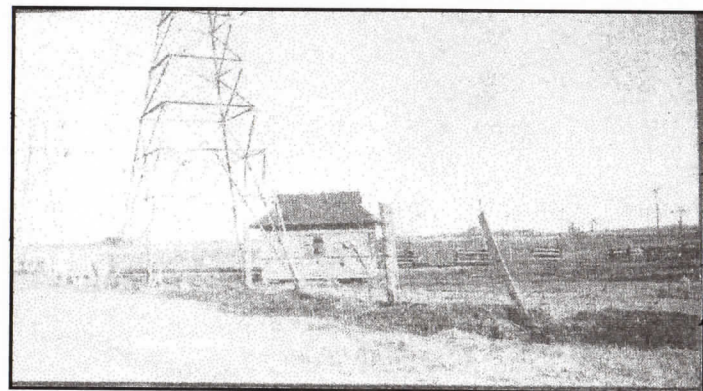
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Alford Junction
continued from cover

"In 1908, Dan Green wrote to G. W. Bowker in Stratford, asking for a train at 8 A.M. and one at 4:05 P.M. going from Harrisburg to Brantford and return, to be stopped at Alford Junction to accommodate three pupils who wished to attend the Brantford Collegiate Institute.

Alford residents were quick to take advantage of this. A conductor might be persuaded to stop other trains or a dispatcher might sometimes issue an order for an additional train if there were passengers to or from Alford." (Brant North Alford and Park Road Branch Women's Institute



Train Station at Alford Junction located along the main line on the south side of the road and on the west side of the track.

Tweedsmuir History)

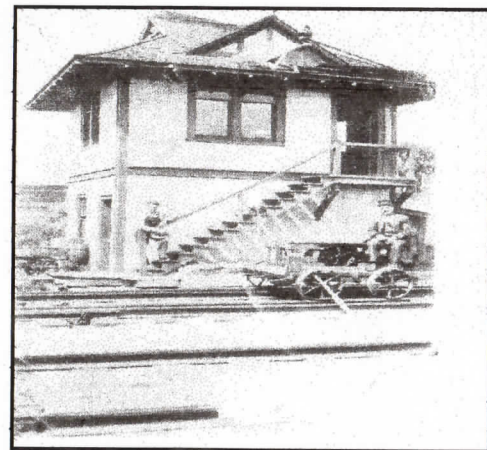
In 1905, Alford Junction was named for an Irishman, Billy Alford, who was a conductor for almost 50 years on the Harrisburg to Tillsonburg line.

In 1905, a Shack was used along the double track to Lynden to house the interlocking machinery that was operated from here. It was a



Jack Crouch - operator, Jack Corey, Pete Vansickle and Lorne Atkins in the shack.

great gathering place for the young men of the neighbourhood.



Interlocking Tower - Alford Junction. 1909 - 1927.

In 1909, a new tower replaced the Shack and again it was a favourite spot for the local men.

During World War II, the fear of sabotage was very much alive



Guard hut located at the east end of Fairchild Creek bridge during World War II.

along this railroad line. The Canadian Federal Government built a hut at the east end of the bridge over Fairchild's Creek at Alford Junction. Watchmen worked 8 - hour shifts guarding this bridge for the duration of World War II.

Even though the name "Alford Junction" has disappeared from present-day maps, many of the descendants of the settlers continue to live and prosper in this community. They are proud of their living history.

Interviews

Les and Helen Doctor
Donna Kemp
Joan Williams

Bibliography

Brant North Alford and Park Road Branch,
Women's Institute Tweedsmuir History.

NEW AND NOTABLE

Michael Hand of St. George spoke at the regular April meeting of the Brant Historical Society about the manufacturing of wagons and trailers in Brant County from the Adams Wagon Company to Trailmobile.

Mr. Hand illustrated his talk with slides and a 'family tree' of wagon and trailer companies. The first company on this tree was the Adams Factory which was established in 1863 in Paris, Ontario on land currently occupied by the Police Station. The company established a reputation for quality workmanship. In 1901 the company moved to a new plant on Mohawk Street in Brantford.

The Cockshutt Plow Company purchased the Adams Wagon Company Limited and Brantford Carriage Company Limited in 1911. This was the beginning of many company mergers manufacturing such products as carriages, sleighs, dump bodies for dump trucks to trailers for transport trucks. These industries continued to operate until 1990 when Trailmobile closed its Brantford plant.

Michael Hand has written a book entitled *From Wagon to Trailer: A History of Trailmobile Canada and its Forerunners*. This well illustrated interesting book outlines the growth and decline of this industry as it related to Brant County. This book is a must to those that are interested in Brant County's industrial history or associated in any way with these factories.

From Wagon to Trailer is available for purchase at \$14.95 at both locations of the Brant County Museum and Archives.

To complement our summer display on leisure activities at the Museum in the Square, *Significant Lives* is back. This book includes articles on Kay Bishop, 15 time Ladies' Golf Champion at the Brantford Golf Club, and on Alma Greene, the clan mother whose book *Forbidden Voice* became a best seller and is again available at the gift shop.

Planning on hiking, canoeing or maybe even flyfishing this summer? Let the Museum gift shop be your first stop. The gift shop stocks a full line of Grand River Conservation Authority books and maps. These guides are essential when planning a trip around or along the Grand. Recently two of the Museum's members hiked the Cockshutt Rd. Bridge Loop hike as featured in *Grand Footpaths* and said "Although this is a 9 km. hike the scenery is well worth the walk. The hike takes you along the Grand River and lets you discover the wonderful natural heritage and the changing ecological zones. Most notable in this hike is the view of the Bell Homestead from the Grand and Alexander Graham Bell's thinking place.

If you've hiked all the trails in *Grand Footpaths* then you'll be interested in the latest book by the Grand River Conservation Authority entitled *44 Country Trails*. Our two members had yet to try any of the new trails in this book before the newsletter's publication, but be sure to see their comments in upcoming newsletters.

A book you may have missed is Joy Parr's *The Gender of Breadwinners: Women, Men and Change in Two Industrial Towns 1880 - 1950*. Ms. Parr examines two industrial towns, Paris and Hanover, and looks at the "gender of breadwinners" in each town.

Thank you to Ruth Lefler and Mary Stedman for contributions to this section.

BRANT COUNTY MUSEUM & ARCHIVES
57 Charlotte Street, Brantford, Ontario
(519) 752-2483

Admission:

Adults - \$2.00 Seniors/Students - \$1.50
Children - \$1.25 Under 6 - Free
BHS members - Free

Hours: Wednesday to Friday 10 am to 4 pm,
Saturday & Sunday 1 to 4 (beginning July 1)
Open Holiday Mondays

THE MUSEUM IN THE SQUARE
(A Satellite of the B.C.M.A.)

Second Level, Eaton Market Square,
1 Market St. Brantford, Ontario
(519) 752-8578

Admission by Voluntary Donation

Hours: Monday to Friday 10 am to 6:00 pm,
Saturday 10 am to 5:30 pm

SUMMER CAMPS AT THE BRANT COUNTY MUSEUM

Join the Brant County Museum this
summer for 4 fun filled
weeks of summer museum camp.
Suitable for ages 6 - 12

July 13 - 17, 1998

Around the World

Join us on an adventure around the world and beyond. Explore new lands and planets through crafts, games and much more!!!

July 20 - 24, 1998

In my Blue Box

What can you make from everyday items we recycle? Possibly a woven basket or maybe even a five piece orchestra. Come and find out.

August 10 - 14, 1998

The World's a Stage

A week of activities centred around the world of theatre. Make costumes, masks, puppets and so much more. The week will conclude with a performance.

August 17 - 20, 1998

Earth, Wind, Fire, Water

Four days of activities inspired by the elements. Make kites to fly and boats to float. Go on a nature walk and use things from the earth to make paper.

August 21, 1998

Trip

A day trip will be planned to a major summer attraction. Details will be available in June. Must register by August 10th.

Drop off between 8:30 - 9:00 am. Pick up between 3:30 and 4:00 pm.

Extended care available upon request.

Children must bring their own lunches.

Full day programme \$20.00

1/2 day programme \$10.00

10% discount given to Historical Society members, families that register two or more children, or children who register for a full week of camp.

Please contact the museum for details and booking information at 752-2483.

Sir John A. Macdonald

continued from p. 3

British subject, and the Mohawks of Deseronto and other tribes fought side by side with him.

1) In defence of native rights he stated that the native people paid taxes in customs or excise on imported or manufactured goods; etc.

2) Their municipal system of government was handed down from their ancestors in the Council of Chiefs.

3) Franchisement would not effect the treaty rights of the natives. They came to Canada as refugees on account of their royal adherence to the British crown. Treaties were made by King George III as a pledge to them - for their loyalty and loss of land in New York State and Pennsylvania.

4) In conclusion, Sir John stated that Indians could keep their own language, and laws. He was a Scottish Highlander and his people still taught the language and wore the dress of his ancestors. They must be a free people and share in government.

After the rest of the program was completed, the Six Nations Agricultural Society invited Sir John to their Annual Fall Fair, and extended the Pipe of Peace. Local Photographer Walker took an excellent photo of Sir John and the Indians!

The Death of Sir John A. MacDonald

Five years later, on June 6, 1891, Prime Minister Sir John A. MacDonald passed away in Ottawa. As his body lay in State in the Senate Chamber, Canadians of all ages and every occupation paid their late respects to one of the creators of the country of Canada. He was buried in Kingston Cemetery beside his family members.

Endnote:

Donald Creighton, Canadian historian does not mention J. A. MacDonald's visit to Brantford. Excerpts of the visit appear in Brantford Daily Courier, Sept. 6-9, 1886.

ENDOWMENT FUND

The Brant Historical Endowment Fund is one of the ways in which we can ensure a viable future for the Society and the Museum. The fund currently holds \$79,000, up from \$61,000 at the end of 1997. We thank the following donors for their generous recent contributions to the Endowment fund:

In Memory of Joseph Pinchero

Brant Historical Society
Robert and Anne Deboer

In Memory of John Edward Keith Flannigan

Terry and Linda Smith

When visiting the Museum at Charlotte St. or the Museum in the Square this summer, don't be surprised to see two new faces. The Museum received two grants to hire summer students. One student was hired for the Summer Program Assistant position, and the other for the Archive Assistant position.

Allison Gibson was hired as the Summer Program Assistant. Allison has completed her first year at Mohawk College in the Early Childhood Education Program. She brings a great deal of enthusiasm and volunteer experience to the position. The summer programs are guaranteed to be a lot of fun with Allison.

Hired as the Archive Assistant was Kaley Kramer. Kaley is a student at Queen's University majoring in English with a minor in History. Kaley's previous summer position at Lynnwood Arts Centre as a Summer Program Co-Ordinator made her an ideal candidate for this position. Not only does she bring Museum experience to this position, but also a friendly personality. She will be wonderful at helping you with your research requests.

Just before publication of the newsletter, the Museum found out that it received a third grant to hire a summer student as a Collection Assistant. Interviews will be held during the first week of June.

The summer promises to be full of excitement. We hope to see you at the Museum this summer!

B.H.S. HISTORICAL PUBLICATIONS

A History of Brant County & Its People:		Brant County Place Names & List of	
Vol. 1	\$15.95	Professionals and Trades, 1855	\$ 5.95
Vol. 2	14.95		
Set of Vol. 1 & 2	22.50	Oakland Township	8.00
The Grand River Navigation Co.	21.95	Lewis Burwell's Diary of the Indian Surrender	8.00
St. George Continuation School	7.00	Grand River Tract Assessment Rolls	
Rural Schools of South Dumfries Township	8.00	1816, 1818-1822	5.95
How Brantford Cooked	4.50	Grand River Tract Census	
A History of the Brantford Pottery	9.95	1824, 1827, 1829, 1832	5.95
Brantford Arts & Entertainment	9.95	Directory of the Townships of Brant, 1880	10.00
From Automobiles to Washing Machines	9.95	City of Brantford Municipal Directory, 1880	10.00
A History of Mohawk Park	1.25	Irwin's Directory, 1883	10.00
Tuscarora Township	5.95	City of Brantford Municipal Directory, 1883-86	8.00
Brantford City Directory 1910	16.00	City of Brantford Directory, 1899-1900	15.00
		Wild Mammals of Southwestern Ontario	8.95

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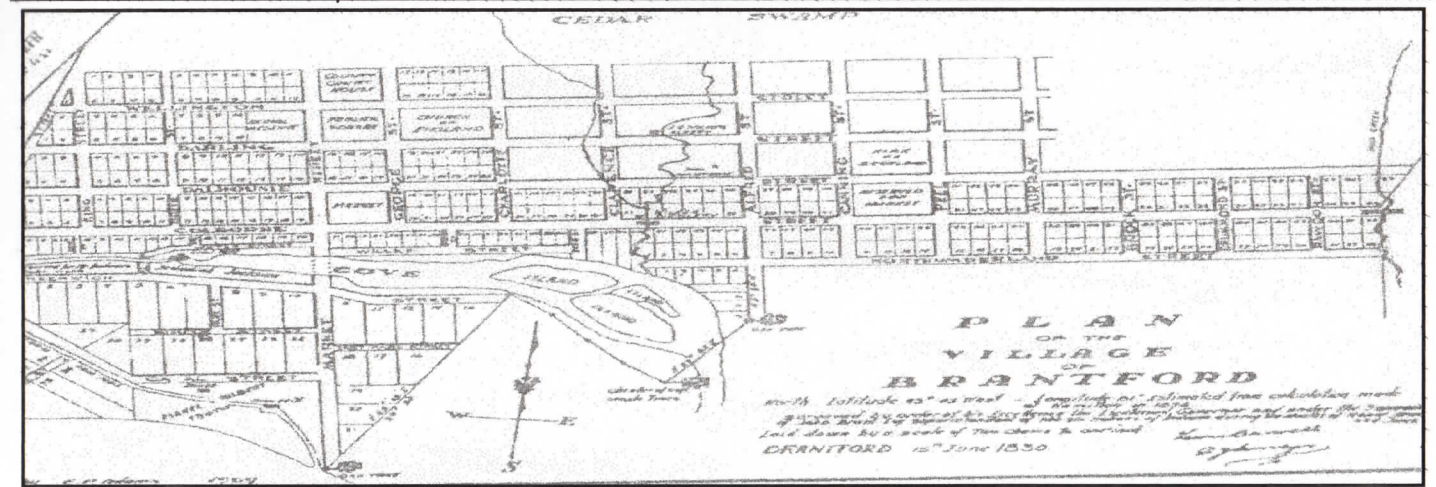
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The Market Square, A Site of Former Days in Brantford

Submitted by Angela Files



Plan of the Village of Brantford, 1830

Trading Post To Market Square

In 1784, there was a trading post for native and non-native people at the crossing of the north and south trails with east and west trails running through on what became known as Market Square.

Market Square

On the plan of the village of Brantford, June 1830, Surveyor Lewis Burwell designated the plot (North and South) between Market Street and George Street and (East and West) between Dalhousie and Colborne Streets as a Market Square.

The lot (north and south) between Canning and Peel Streets and (east and west) between Dalhousie and Colborne was reserved for the purpose of developing a Market Square in East Ward. Both of these Market Squares have vanished; the former is part of Eaton's Market Square and the latter is part of Alexandra Park today.

Buildings On Market Square

In the early development of the village of Brantford, buildings began to crop up on the Market Square. On the north west corner was an old frame tavern owned by Mr. Dove followed by Mr. Sulton. As the erection of buildings increased, the movement was to

destroy or move the edifices changing the area into a Market Square which began in 1848. The proceeds of tolls for market stalls and goods were to be used for the building of a new town hall which was erected in 1849.

The town council of 1848 were confronted by two petitions:

Petition One - (April 17, 1848)- of Robert Sproule and others praying that the Market Square on which the Bell Tower is located be laid out into lots and leased.

The petitioners were of the opinion that a revenue of 200 pounds to 250 pounds might be obtained from the plot which would not interfere with any of the Market buildings which the Corporation may wish to erect in the future.

A. Bradley petitioned to take the surplus earth on the plot.

D. Clement, Joseph Gardiner and James Wilkes signed the petition.

A second Report read as follows:

The Committee on Market Buildings has plans for a Market Building which it highly approves and submits.

Buildings could be erected not from direct taxes but from proceeds of Market plots.

Tenders will be recieved by August 20, 1848 from persons willing to erect buildings which will be leased.

Market Square 1848

On the 1848 survey, Surveyor Lewis Burwell prepared a plan whereby lots of 24 feet by 60 feet were laid out on the Colborne and Dalhousie Street sides of the Square with two small alleyways leading to the centre.

Lots on the Colborne side were to be leased at \$60.00 per annum. Frame stores soon made their appearance. Lots on the Dalhousie side of the Square were leased at only \$30.00 per annum.

On the Colborne side of the street were Brendon's Drug Store and Ben Hazellhurst Furniture Store at the back of the building. Next, was Henry Wade's Dry Goods Store, then George Fleming's Saloon alongside the lane. Danellete's Fur Store, George Watt's Grocery Store, a saloon and W. Hunter's Grocery followed with Wilkes Brothers Store on the corner near the Kirby House.

On the Dalhousie Street frontage at the Market Street Square's corner was Mr. Dove's storey and half hotel, with the Town pump behind it. On the other side of a space was another hotel kept by Mr. Morris.

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MEMBERSHIPS

A Brant Historical Society membership offers:

- ◆ free admission to the Brant County Museum & Archives, Bell Homestead and Myrtleville House Museum (excluding special events)
- ◆ exemption from regular research fees in our Archives
- ◆ bulletins about upcoming Museum activities
- ◆ subscription to the "B.H.S. Quarterly"
- ◆ discounts on Heritage Bus Tours, Children's Museum Club, and other programs
- ◆ 10% discount on Gift Shop purchases over \$10

Memberships are Tax Deductible!

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Brant Historical Society Membership Registration Form

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TELEPHONE: _____

Please make cheque payable to: **Brant Historical Society** Mail or bring to: **Brant County Museum & Archives, 57 Charlotte St., Brantford, Ont. N3T 2W6**

Market Square continued from 9

The only other building was Webster's Furniture Store at the George Street corner. Tenants lived above the store.

The Market Square Controversy

James Kerby, proprietor of the Kerby House, objected to selling or leasing any part of the Market Square. He took legal action and the Chancellor who was confronted with the case decided it was illegal to sell or lease any part of the Market Square. By 1857, all frame structures were taken off and either destroyed or taken to other parts of the town.

Market Fees

Any producer selling inside the limits of Brantford was compelled to pay a fee to the Market Clerk, regardless of where she or he sold her or his goods. Clerks paid Brantford for collecting market fees.

Products Of The Market Place

In early times two markets were held weekly on Thursday and Saturday. Native and non-native farmers sold household and barn

articles, dairy products, fruit, grains, meat, vegetables and wood. In early times there were twelve stalls in the Market Square which were increased in numbers as market business improved. Poor people often displayed their wares on the ground.

The Curse Placed On The Market Square

"In 1908 an elderly chief took a load of hay to the Trading Post. He was asked to pay the market fee before he could sell his hay. When he refused to do this, he was taken into custody.

For this action, native people decided to use the only weapon left to them, put a curse on the Market Square. If the person who has prepared a curse dies, it becomes impossible for anyone to undo it."

Mrs. Alma Greene, clan mother and native writer, was present when hereditary chiefs placed the curse that "no one other than a native can live on the Square could prosper or even have a clear mind."¹ She could only remove

the curse.

"It was common knowledge when the Six Nations sold 809 acres of land to the town of Brantford for five shillings that the Trading Post or Market Square would remain the use of the Native People."² This agreement was later ratified by a decision of the Court of Chancery. Market fees were not being charged to native people due to this agreement.

The Market Square Site Today

In 1965, the Brantford Market was relocated to the canal basin where it is located today. Temporarily, it became a parking lot. In 1986, the site was opened as Eaton Market Square Mall!

Endnotes:

¹ Greene, Alma, "Tales Of The Mohawks" Page 118.

² Ibid, Page 117.

Sites Of South Dumfries Township, Brant County

by Dr. Hank Hedges
St. George, Ont.

Hunter Hoodless Homestead

The Hunter Hoodless Homestead near St. George is the birthplace of Adelaide Hunter Hoodless, the founder of the Womens Institutes and a leader in improving the lives of rural women. Designated as a heritage site, the house has been restored to resemble the home in which Adelaide Hunter grew up. Now the St. George Women's Institute is improving the grounds, and recently completed a large picnic shelter. This interesting attraction is located just west of the corner of Highway 24 and Blue Lake Road, about two kilometres west of the village.

The Kilman Railway Bridge

Did you know that what is referred to as "the most handsome railway bridge in Ontario," is located in Brant County at the corner of Branchton and Glen Morris roads, four miles north-east of St. George? It has several unique features: it is built of huge squared limestone blocks, assembled without mortar; its keystone runs the length of the bridge; and it has an identical "baby bridge", as a culvert bends it. Designated as a heritage site, it was built about 1890 by an ancestor of the Kilman family.

St. George Well

The water from the constantly flowing artesian well in St. George, maintained by the Legion, is judged to be the finest drinking water in Southern Ontario. Every day hundreds of people line up to fill containers with this clear sparkling water.

The source of this water is unknown, but it is known that its aquifer is in a bed of fine gravel. Because there is a steep hill at the north of the village, the aquifer at the bottom of the hill comes close to the surface, and if a hole is drilled, the water rushes to the surface, sometimes sparkling a foot or more above the ground.

Happenings

June

Volunteer Appreciation Night at Chiefswood

Wed. June 17, 1998 6 pm

We will acknowledge the contribution of our volunteers with a picnic on the grounds of Chiefswood followed by a tour of the newly restored home of Pauline Johnson.

Exhibition

"Wishing you were here...Summer Pursuits and Leisure Activities"

June 6 - August 22, 1998

The Museum in the Square

Take a leisurely summer stroll with the Museum this summer. Compare your summer time activities to those of 100 years ago. Will they be similar? Come to the Museum in the Square and find out.

July

Summer Museum Club

Around the World

July 13 - 17

Brant County Museum

See newsletter for information.

Summer Museum Club

In my Blue Box

July 20 - 24

Brant County Museum

See newsletter for information.

August

Summer Museum Club

The World's a Stage

August 10 - 14

Brant County Museum

See Newsletter for information.

Summer Museum Club

Earth, Wind Fire, Water

August 17 - 20

Brant County Museum

See newsletter for information.

Summer Museum Club

Trip

August 21

Details to be announced in June.

September

Exhibition

"From Log Cabins to Yo-Yos; An Airing of Quilts, Coverlets and Samplers from the Brant Historical Society and Harrison M. Scheak Collections"

September 4 1998 - January 2, 1999

The Museum in the Square

Come to the Museum in the Square this fall and experience the world of quilts, coverlets and samplers. This show will also complement the upcoming quilt show at the Paris Fairgrounds in September.

BHS Lecture Series

"Forty Years of Fire Fighting"

Wed. September 16, 1998 8 pm

at the Brant County Museum
57 Charlotte St., Brantford

Speaker Doug Foulds will talk about his 40 years as a fire fighter in Brant County.

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